

POLAND

PANKIEWICZ, H. and MASLACZYNSKA, A. Department of Applied Pharmacy (Zaklad Farmacji Stosowanej), AM [Akademia Medyczna, Medical Academy] in Lodz (Director: Prof. Dr. F. NODRZEJEWSKI)

"Methods for Grinding Oleaginous Raw Materials and Other Factors, and Their Effect on Volatile Oil Content Determinations."

Warsaw, Farmacja Polska, Vol 19, No 13-14, 25 Jul 63, pp 274-277

Abstract: Authors compared volatile oil determinations (Deryng method) for a variety of plant matter when ground by hand in small porcelain mortar and pestle and small electric mill. They tabulate their findings in 3 tables, and draw their conclusions that manner of grinding is of importance to results, that small hermetically sealed electric mill is much superior to mortar and pestle procedure, and that some of the directions in FP [Farmakopea Polska, Polish Pharmacopeia] III should be revised for the next edition. There are references to 9 sources (3 German, 6 Polish), and to the Soviet, British, and Czech Pharmacopoeias.

1/1

Maslak, M.F.

MASLAK, M.P.; DYACHEMKO, T.S.

More machines for the cultivation of vegetables. Mekh. sil'. hosp.
8 no. 9:18 S '57. (MLRA 10e9)

1. Sekretar partorganizatsii kolgospu "Khvilya revolyutsii," Ge-
niches'kogo rayona, Kherson's'koy oblasti (for Maslak). 2. Agronom
kolgospu "Khvilya revolyutsii" (for Dyachenko).
(Farm mechanization) (Vegetable gardening)

MASLAK, M.F. (Dnepropetrovsk); RYUMSHIN, N.A., inzh. (Dnepropetrovsk)

Automation of welding operations. Zhel.dor.transp. 45 no.10:
67-69 0 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Nachal'nik Dnepropetrovskogo parovozoremontnogo zavoda (for
Maslak).

Maslak, V.A.

MASLAK, V.A.

Vascular reactions during surgical operations and various methods
of anesthesia. Vrach.delo no.9:959-960 S '57. (MLRA 10:9)

1. Fakul'tetskaya khirurgicheskaya klinika (zav. - prof. Ya.M.
Voloshin) pediatricheskogo i sanitarno-gigiyenicheskogo fakul'tetov
Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta
(OPERATIONS, SURGICAL) (ANESTHESIA) (BLOOD PRESSURE)

ACCE NR: AM7003443

Monograph

UR/

Smirnov, Nikolay Konstantinovich; Maksimov, Vitaliy Ivanovich; Zhukov, Nikolay
Nikolayevich; Maslak, Viktor Gavrilovich

Control of fires and water on ships (Bor'ba s pozharami i vodoy na korablyakh)
Moscow, Voenizdat M-va obor. SSSR, 66. 0183 p. illus., biblio. 8,500
copies printed

TOPIC TAGS: naval fire control system, fire control equipment, ship navigation,
navigation training

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: The first part of the book discusses the peculiarities and specific characteristics of shipboard fires, of firefighting methods, and equipment, and describes the installation and principles of operation of firefighting facilities. The second part of the book presents examples of measures taken to control the flow of water into a ship and practical recommendations on the use of emergency equipment and instruments to seal hulls, and to strengthen bulkheads, decks, bridges and watertight covers. Data on stationary and mobile water-emptying equipment are also given. The book is intended for a

Card 1/3

UDC: 628.74:623.82+629.12:532.3.072

ACC NR: AM7003443

variety of readers, but mainly for naval personnel, and for the transport, river, and fishing fleets, as well as teachers and students at navigation schools.

TABLE OF CONTENT [abridged]:

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Section 1

Firefighting on naval and other ships

- Ch. 1. Shipboard fires, their peculiarities and means of extinguishing them -- 9
- Ch. 2. Extinguishing fires with water -- 21
- Ch. 3. Extinguishing fires with foam -- 39
- Ch. 4. Extinguishing fires with steam and gases -- 66
- Ch. 5. Firefighting equipment and means of protection -- 83
- Ch. 6. Peculiarities of firefighting on naval and other vessels -- 88

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ACC NR: AM7003443

Section 2.

Facilities and Methods of water control on ships

- Ch. 7. Repair of hull damage -- 107
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Literature -- 181

SUB CODE: 13, 19, 20 / SUBM DATE: 29Dec65 / ORIG REF: 023

Card 3/3

KURBATOV, V.S.; MAL'TSEV, E.I.; MASLAKOV, A.I.; STASHKOV, G.M.; CHUVILO, I.V.;
SHKLOVSKAYA, A.I.

Determining the electron energy in the range of 20 to 250 Mev. in
a xenon bubble chamber. Prib. i tekhn. eksp. 10 no. 5:61-63 S-0 '65.

(MJRA 1961)

I. Ob'yedinennyj institut yadernykh issledovaniy, Dubna. Submitted
July 21, 1964.

MASLAKOV, A. P., INZH.

NAUCHNOISSLEDOVATELSKIY INSTITUT PO STROITEL'STVU MINISTERSTVA STROITEL'STVA
PREDPRIYATIY MACHINOSTROYENIYA.

SVOYSTVA NIZKOLEGIROVANNYKH STALEK, PRIMENYAYEMYKH V STROITEL'STVE. PAGE 33

SO: Sbornik Annotatsiy Nauchno-Issledovatel'skikh Rabot po Stroitel'stvu.
Moscow, 1951

MASLAKOV, A., inzhener; ASIMOVSKIY, M., inzhener

Producing prestressed reinforced panels. Stroitel' no. 5:4-5 My '57.
(Concrete slabs) (MLRA 10:6)

MASLAKOV, A.

~~MASLAKOV, A., inzh.~~

Stand for strengthening reinforcing bars. Stroitel' no.3:22 Mr
'58. (MIRA 11:2)
(Prestressed concrete)

MASLAKOV, A.

Trust enterprises are operating with semiprocessed products.
Obshchestv.pit, no.11:3 N '59. (MIRA '13:3) =

1. Direktor tresta stolovykh, g.Uzhgorod.
(Uzhgorod--Restaurants, lunchrooms, etc.)

MASLAKOV, D. A.

Dissertation: "Some Clinical-Morphological Changes in Experimental Nephritis."
Cand Med Sci, First Moscow Order of Lenin Medical Inst, 28 Aug 54. (Vechernaya
Moskva, Moscow, 5 Aug 54)

SO: SUM 393, 28 Feb 1955

MASLAKOV, D.A. (Vitbesk)

Mechanism of action of cytotoxins. Arkh.pat. 18 no.6:55-57 '56.
(MLRA 9:12)

1. Iz kafedry patologicheskoy fiziologii (zav. - dotsent G.A.Medvedeva)
Vitebskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(IMMUNE SERUMS, effects,
cytotoxic serums, mechanism of action (Rus))

MASLAKOV, D.A.

MASLAKOV, D.A. (Vitebsk)

Simple method for collecting urine in dogs in chronic experiments.
Pat.fisiol. i eksp.terap. 1 no.4:63 Jl-4g '57. (MIRA 10:11)

1. Iz kafedry patologicheskoy fiziologii (zav. - dotsent G.A.Medvedeva)
Vitebskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(URINE, collection in prolonged exper. (Rus))

MALAN'IN, M.I.; MALAN'IN, R.M.; MASLAKOV, F.G.; PODKOSOV, L.G.,
nauchnyy red.; ANOKHINA, L.A., red.; SOKOLOVSKAYA,
Ye.Ya., red. izd-va; IYERUSALIMSKAYA, Ye., tekhn.red.

[Separation of concentrates in electric separators] Raz-
delenie shlikhov na elektricheskikh separatorakh. Mo-
skva, Gosgeoltekhnizdat, 1963. 28 p. (MIRA 16:7)
(Separators (Machines))

MASLAKOV, D.

"Problems of Fuel Balance in the USSR," Planovoye Khozyaystvo, No.3,
pp 40-52, 1955

Translation M-867, 18 Nov 55

11(1)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/2187

Maslakov, D.I.

Planirovaniye toplivnoy promyshlennosti i metodika sostavleniya toplivnogo balansa SSSR (Planning in the Fuel Industry and Methods of Computing the Fuel Balance of the USSR) Moscow, Gosplanizdat, 1958. 62 p. (Series: V pomoshch' ekonomistu i planoviku) 7,000 copies printed.

Ed.: Ye.I. Komarov; Tech. Ed.: Ye.S. Gerasimova.

PURPOSE: This booklet is intended for economists and industrial planners, particularly those concerned with the production, allocation, and consumption of mineral fuels.

COVERAGE: This booklet describes the need for planning and accounting in the mineral fuels industry. A mineral fuels budget plan is, the author contends, essential to overall planning in the USSR. After defining the physical properties of the various mineral fuels, the author presents comparative tables showing the location and output of the leading coal and petroleum centers. He provides samples of forms to be used in mineral fuels accounting by consumer industries. No personalities are mentioned. No references are given.

Card 1/2

Planning in the Fuel Industry (Cont.)

SOV/2187

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Basic problems of the fuel industry in the forthcoming years	7
Methods for preparing the fuel balance of the USSR	9
Method for evaluating the requirements in fuel	13
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AVAILABLE: Library of Congress (HD 9555.R8M35)	
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MM/sfm
8-6-59

MASLAKOV, Dmitriy Ivanovich; MEDVEDEV, M.M., red.; PONOMAREVA, A.A.,
tekhn.red.

[Fuel supply of the U.S.S.R.] Toplivnyi balans SSSR. Moskva,
Gosplanizdat, 1960. 193 p.
(Fuel) (MIRA 13:10)

MASIAKOV, D. I.

Fuel balance and heat engineering in the U.S.S.R.
Teploenergetika no.4:5-11 Ap '60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Gosplan SSSR.
(Heat engineering)

MASLAKOV, D.I.

Fuel and power resources of the nation. Teploenergetika 8 no.3:
3-7 Mr. '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Gosplan SSSR.
(Fuel) (Electric power)

MASLAKOV, D.I.

Prospective fuel balance in power engineering for the next
twenty years. Teploenergetika 9 no.1:3-7 Ja '62.
(MIRA 14:12)

1. Gosplan SSSR.
(Heating research)
(Power resources)

MASLAKOV, D.I., ekonomist

Present-day fuel resources of the country. Teploenergetika 12
no.3:2-6 Mr '65. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Sovet narodnogo khozyaystva SSSR.

MASLAKOV, M.D., inzh. (Leningrad)

Optimum choice of tolerances for the elements of linear electrical
networks. Elektrichestvo no.4:76-80 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:5)
(Electric networks--Quality control)

MASLAKOV, M.D.

Optimum selection of allowances for linear electric circuits designed
of elements with discrete limit values of allowances. [Trudy] Inst.
mash., STMP no.18:17-25 '64.
(MIRA 18:4)

MASLAKOV, V.

Finance - Leningrad

Finance organs of Leningrad and the fight to fulfill the financial plan. Sov. fin. No. 1,
1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions. Library of Congress, March 1952. Unclassified.

MASLAKOV, V.

Financial organs and the Leningrad municipal economy. Fin.SSSR 17
no.2:48-53 P '56. (MIRA 9:6)

1.Zaveduyushchiy Leningradskim gesudarstvennym finansovym otdelem.
(Leningrad--Finance)

MASLAKOV, V.

The role of local finance organs must be increased Fin. SSSR 18
no. 5:44-49 My. '57. (MIRA 10:6)

1. Zaveduyushchiy Leningrdskim gorodskim finansovym otdelom.
(Leningrad--Finance)

MASLAKOV, V.

All forces should be devoted to fulfilling the great plan. Fin.
SSSR 20 no.1:32-38 Ja '59. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Zaveduyushchiy Leningradskim gortinotdelom,
(Leningrad--Economic policy)

~~MASLAKOV, Vasiliy Petrovich; FILATOV, Nikolay Leonidovich; BARMIN, Viktor Vasil'yevich; PETROV, P., red.; FILIPPOVA, E., red.; TELEGINA, T., tekhn.red.~~

[Finances of communal housing and services] Finansy zhishchchnogo i komunal'nogo khoziaistva. Moskva, Gosfinizdat, 1960. 209 p. (MIRA 14:3)
(Housing--Finance) (Municipal services--Finance)

MASLAKOV, Ye. A.

"The Experience With Setting Up Surgical Aid on One of the Capital Ships",
Military-Medical Journal, No. 8, p 76, 1955.

17(8)

SOV/177-58-4-25/32

AUTHOR: Maslakov, Ye.A., Senior Lieutenant of the Medical Corps

TITLE: An Ampule-Holder for Blood Transfusion on Ships
(Ampuloderzhatel' dlya perelivaniya krovi na korablyakh)

PERIODICAL: Voyenno-meditsinskiy zhurnal 1958, Nr 4, p 87 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The author describes a simple ampule-holder, designed by him and his assistants, for blood transfusion on ships. There are 5 diagrams.

Card 1/1

MASLAKOV, Ye.A. (Leningrad, D-104, ul. Mayakovskogo, d.18, kv.31)

Acute dilatation of the stomach not diagnosed preoperatively.
Vest.khir. no.5:101-102 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Iz kliniki voyenno-morskoy khirurgii (nach. - prof. A.A.
Bocharov) Voyenno-meditsinskoy ordena Lenina akademii im.
S.M. Kirova.

(STOMACH—HYPERTHROPHY AND DILATATION)

MASLAKOV, Ye.A.

Unusual mechanism of the prolonged compression syndrome. Vest.
khir. 92 no.4:129-130 Ap '64 (MIRA 18:1)

MASLAKOV, Ye.L.

Some factors of the development of young pine growths in
clear-cuttings of the central taiga subzone of the
Trans-Ural Plain. Trudy Inst. biol. UFAN SSSR no. 43:
263-269 '65. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Ural'skaya lesnaya opytnaya stantsiya Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-
issledovatel'skogo instituta lesovedstva i mekhanizatsii les-
nogo khozyaystva.

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S/563/61/000/217/012/012
D234/D308AUTHOR: Maslakov, Yu. V.

TITLE: Design of an air bearing

SOURCE: Leningrad. Politekhnicheskiy institut. Trudy.
no. 217. 1961. Tekhnicheskaya gidromekhanika,
156-167TEXT: The author gives an analytical solution of the iso-
thermal problem of gas dynamic lubrication of an infinitely long
cylindrical bearing. The equation of pressure distribution issolved in series form in powers of $(1 - \lambda^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}$ and in powers of
 λ -- λ being the relative eccentricity of the position of the cy-
linders. The supporting force and resistance moment are deter-
mined. The pressure in the minimum section of the lubrication gap
 P_0 must be eliminated from the solution; the method of eliminating λ \times

Card 1/2

Design of an air bearing...

S/563/61/000/217/012/012
D234/D308

it is discussed. The solution is found to be valid for the whole range of values of λ and for values of p_0 at least between 0 and 5. It is also found that, for p_0 not larger than 2, the characteristics of the bearings can be calculated from the formulas of the limiting case $v = \omega R \rightarrow \infty$ obtained by S. S. Sheynberg. There are 8 figures.

Card 2/2

MASLAKOVA, M. (g. Moskva).

Programs for extracurricular and school clubs. Fiz. v shkole 17
no.3:77-82 My-Je '57. (MLRA 10:6)
(Physics--Study and teaching)

AUTHOR: Maslakova, M. 47-58-2-27/30

TITLE: New Books and Articles on Physics and Astronomy (Novyye knigi i stat'i po fizike i astronomii)

PERIODICAL: Fizika v Shkole, 1958, # 2, pp 89-92 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The list contains 44 new books with short descriptions of each. The list also contains 42 references to articles published in different periodicals for November-December 1957. The references are categorized as follows: General questions of science and technics - 7 articles; History of physics and technics - 3 articles; Astronomy, Astro- and Geophysics; Engineering - 6 articles; Nuclear physics and nuclear energy - 6 articles; electricity and radio - 4 articles.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress
Card 1/1

1. Physics-Study and teaching 2. Physics-Textbooks
3. Astronomy-Study and teaching 4. Astronomy-Textbooks

MASLAKOVA, M.

AUTHOR: Maslakova, M. (Moscow) 47-58-3-25/27

TITLE: New Books and Articles on Physics and Astronomy (Novyye knigi i stat'i po fizike i astronomii)

PERIODICAL: Fizika v Shkole, 1958, Nr 3, pp 88-91 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Twenty eight books are listed with short description of each. A list of 47 references of Soviet articles contained in Soviet physics and astronomy publications for January and February 1958 are categorized as follows: General scientific and technical questions - 6 articles; philosophical questions in physics - 1 article; astronomy, astro- and geophysics - 9 articles; methodology - 13 articles; engineering - 9 articles; atomic physics, atomic power - 6 articles; electricity and radio engineering - 3 articles.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 1/1 1. Physics-Study and teaching 2. Astronomy-Study and teaching
3. Textbooks-Physics-USSR 4. Textbooks-Astronomy-USSR

AUTHOR: Maslakova, M. (Moscow) SOV-47-58-5-23/28

TITLE: New Books and Articles on Physics and Astronomy (Novyye knigi i stat'i po fizike i astronomii)

PERIODICAL: Fizika v shkole, 1958, Nr 5, pp 83-85 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The article lists the following number of books or articles with short descriptions: scientific literature and training aids - 6 books, methodical literature - 3 books, books for students - 3, engineering - 4 books, popular-scientific literature - 8 books. A total of 25 articles which have appeared in various journals during May-June 1958 on science, engineering, philosophy, history of physics and engineering, automation and telemechanics, astronomy, and atomic energy are also listed.

1. Literature 2. Physics--Applications 3. Astronomy--Applications

Card 1/1

AUTHOR:

Maslakova, M.P. (Moscow)

SOV-47-58-6-24/28

TITLE:

New Books and Articles on Physics and Astronomy (Novyye knigi i stat'i po fizike i astronomii)

PERIODICAL:

Fizika v shkole, 1958, Nr 6, pp 79 - 82 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

This list contains 73 references to Soviet books and magazine articles including 7 translations from English, French, German and Chinese. The references are categorized as follows: Scientific literature and teaching aids in physics and astronomy for vuzes - 3 books; literature on methods of instructions - 4 books; students books - 4; history of physics and engineering - 2 books; scientific-popular literature - 17 books; articles published in journals during July - August 1958 - general questions in science and engineering - 2; philosophical questions of physics - 4; teaching methods - 8; history of physics and engineering - 2; automation and telemechanics - 1; engineering - 10; nuclear physics and atomic energy - 4; astronomy, astro and geophysics - 12 articles.

1. Physics--Bibliography 2. Astronomy--Bibliography

Card 1/1

MASLAKOVA, M.P. (Moskva)

New books and articles on physics and astronomy. Fiz. v shkole 19
no.1:118-121 Ja-F '59. (MIRA 12:3)
(Bibliography--Physics)

MURATOV, M. V.; MASLAKOVA, N. I.

Carpathian Mountains-Geology, Stratigraphic

Basic stages of the geological history of the Eastern Carpathians. Biul. MOIP.
Otd. geol. 27 no. 3, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, November 195⁶, Uncl.².

MURATOV, M. V.: MASLAKOVA, N. I.

Carpathian Mountains-Geology, Stratigraphic

Basic stages of the geological history of the Eastern Carpathians. Biul. MOIP.
Otd. geol. 27 no. 3, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, November 195⁶, Unc1.

MASLAKOVA, N. I.

USER: Geophysics - Carpathians

May/Jun 52

"Fundamental Stages in the Geological History of
the Eastern Carpathians," M. V. Muratov, N. I.
Maslakova.

"Byull. Mosk. Obshch. Ispytstv. Prirody, Otdel. Geol."
Vol. 27, No. 3, pp 3-26

On the basis of an analysis of facies, thicknesses,
and conditions governing occurrence of deposits,
authors clarify the history of formation of fun-
damental structural elements of the Eastern Car-
pathians. They established that the Flysch flexure

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developed from the beginning of the later Cretaceous
epoch to the beginning of the Miocene. They state
that the interior anticlinal zone also emerged at
the beginning of the Cretaceous. They note that
the exterior anticlinal zone is only in the Turon-
ian. The author states that the border Pre-Car-
pathian depression developed in the main during
the course of the Miocene epoch, by gradually ex-
panding and leaning to the side of the Russian plate-
form.

229T6

MURATOV, M.V.; MASLAKOVA, N.I.

The Salgir graben in mountainous Crimea. Trudy MGRI no.28:92-101
'55. (MLRA 8:6)
(Salgir Valley--Geology, Stratigraphic)

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

Division of Eocene sediments in the western Carpathians based on
small Foraminifera. Geol. sbor. [Lvov] no.4:55-63 '57.
(MIRA 13:2)

l.Moskovskiy ordena Lenina i ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni
gosuniversitet imeni M.V. Lomonosova.
(Carpathian Mountains--Geology, Stratigraphic)

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

AUTHOR: Maslakova, N.I. and Kamenetskiy, A.Ye. 11-10-11/23

TITLE: New Data on Upper Cretaceous Deposits of the Crimean Steppe
(Novyye dannyye o verkhnemelovykh otlozheniyakh stepnogo Kryma)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Geologicheskaya, 1957,
10, p 97-99 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: As a result of extensive studies of drill holes, more complete data were obtained on Upper Cretaceous deposits of the western areas of the Crimean steppe. The Upper Cretaceous deposits consist mainly of layers of light greyish marls, limestones and clays, whereby the thickness of the layers varies from 25 to 600 m. Based on studies of small foraminifera, analogy of all strata of the Upper Cretaceous period was determined. The author examined the deposits of various geologic strata, such as the Turonian and Campanian stages, the Santonian substage as well as the Maastricht and Danish deposits. The available data disclose that during the Upper Cretaceous period the examined territory presents an area of uneven accumulation of sediments. The area of the present Tarkhankutskiy peninsula which has a thick, uninterrupted Upper Cretaceous strata experienced a most intense bending.

Card 1/2 There are 2 references, both Slavic (Russian).

New Data on Upper Cretaceous Deposits of the Crimean Steppe 11-10-11/23

ASSOCIATION: Moscow State University imeni M.V. Lomonosov; All-Union
Scientific Research Oil Institute, Moscow (Moskovskiy
gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni M.V. Lomonosova, Vsesoyuznyy
neftyanoy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut, Moskva)

SUBMITTED: 3 September 1956

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

More exact representation of upper Cretaceous sections of Tarkhankut
and Dzhankoy key holes in the Crimea. Nauch.dokl.vys.shkoly; geol.-
geog.nauki no.1:181-183 '58. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Moskovskiy universitet geologicheskiy fakul'tet, kafedra paleon-
tologii.

(Crimea—Geology, Stratigraphic)

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

AUTHORS: Maslakova, N.I., Naydin, D.P. 11-58-3-9/14

TITLE: The Senoman Deposits of the Crimean Mountains (O seno-
manskikh otlozheniyakh Gornogo Kryma)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Geologicheskaya, 1958,
3, pp 108-110 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: This short information deals with deposits in the Upper
Crimea of the Senoman Stage which consist of different sedi-
ments, mainly of clay and sand marls. The authors enumerate
various deposits, give their Latin denominations and classify
them according to their ages.
There is 1 figure.

SUBMITTED: September 3, 1956.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 1/1

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

New data on Coniacian sediments in the Crimean mountains. Mauch.
dokl.vys.shkoly; geol.-nauki no.4:151-153 '58.(MIRA 12:6)

1. Moskovskiy universitet, geologicheskiy fakul'tet, kafedra paleontologii.

(Crimea--Geology, Stratigraphic)

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

AUTHOR: Maslakova, N.I., and Naydin, D.P.

11-1-7/29

TITLE: Deposits of the Santonian Substage of South-West Crimea
(O santonskikh otlozheniyakh v yugo-zapadnom Krymu)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Geologicheskaya, 1958,
V.23 # 1, pp 75-77 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The author enumerates the 6 different layers of the Santonian substage at the Bakhchisaray, Kache, Bodrake and Bel'beke river areas. He describes the fossils found in these layers, which have a total thickness of 65 m. There are 3 Russian, 1 German and 1 French references.

SUBMITTED: November 3, 1956

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 1/1

MOSKVIN, M.M.; MASLAKOVA, N.I.; DOBROV, S.A.; PAVLOVA, M.M.; NAIDIN, D.P.; SHIMANSKIY, V.N.; ASTAF'YEVA, K.A.; POSLAVSKAYA, N.A.. Primal uchastiye CHIKHOVICH, M.V.. SHOROKHOVA, L.I., vedushchiy red.; MUKHINA, E.A., tekhn.red.

[Atlas of upper Cretaceous fauna of the Northern Caucasus and the Crimea] Atlas verkhnemelovoi fauny Severnogo Kavkaza i Kryma. Pod red. M.M.Moskvina. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1959. 499 p. (MIRA 13:3)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut prirodnikh gazov.
2. Sotrudniki kafedry istoricheskoy geologii i paleontologii Geologicheskogo fakul'teta Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta (for all except Shorokhova, Mukhina).
(Caucasus, Northern--Paleontology, Stratigraphic)
(Crimea--Paleontology, Stratigraphic)

MASLAKOVA, N.I., SLAVIN, V.I.; AFANAS'YEV, S.L.

Age of black argillites in Svalyava District, Transcarpathia.
Sov.geol. 2 no.4:145-146 Ap '59. (MIRA 12:7)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V.Lomonosova.
(Svalyava District--Argillite)

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

Stratigraphic scheme of upper Cretaceous deposits in the Crimea.
Vest.Mosk.un.Ser.biol., pochv., geol., geog. 14 no.1:109-113
'59. (MIRA 12:9)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet, Kafedra paleontologii.
(Crimea--Geology, Stratigraphic)

MASIAKOVA, N.I.

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Otd. geol. 34 no. 4:67-76 Jl-Ag '59. (MIRA 13:8)
(Crimean Mountains--Geology, Structural)

VYALOV, O.S. (SSSR); MASLOV, V.P. (SSSR); WDOWIARZ, St. (Polska);
OLEVICZ, Z.R. (Polska); NOVAK, V. (Pol'sha); SLAVIN, V.I. (SSSR)
MASLAKOVA, N.I. (SSSR); VYALOV, O.S. (SSSR); EHERZIN, A.G. (SSSR)
BONDARCHUK, V.G. (SSSR)

Participation in discussions. Mat.Karp.-Balk.assots. no.3:157-
179 '60. (MIRA 14:12)
(Carpathian Mountains-Geology)

AFANAS'YEV, S.L.; MASLAKOVA, N.I.

New data on the correlation of the upper Senonian in the Novorossiysk region. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; geol. i razv. 3 no.5:50-55 My '60.
(MIRA 13:11)

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(Novorossiysk region—Geology, Stratigraphic)

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

Systematics and phylogeny of the foraminifer genera Thalmanninella
and Rotalipora. Biul. MOIP. Otd. geol. 35 no. 3:173-174 My-Je '60.
(MIRA 14:2)

(Foraminifera, Fossil)

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

Systematics and phylogeny of the genera Thalmanninella and Rotalipora (Foraminifera). Paleont. zhur. no.1:50-55 '61. (MIRA 14:8)

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(Foraminifera, Fossil)

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

Division of upper Cretaceous sediments of the Crimea and
Russian Platform, based on Foraminifera. Trudy VNIGNI no.29:
89-91 vol.3 '61. (MIRA 14:9)
(Russian Platform—Foraminifera, Fossil)
(Crimea—Foraminifera, Fossil)

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

Foraminifera of Upper Cretaceous sediments in Daghestan. [Uch.
zap.] Mosk.un. no.192:58-88 '61. (MIRA 15:7)
(Daghestan--Foraminifera, Fossil)

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

Wall structure of the shell in Globotruncana. Biul. MOIP. Otd.geol.
37 no.3:133 My-Je '62. (MIRA 15:10)
(Foraminifera, Fossil)

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

Volume and systematic position of the genus Hedbergella
(foraminifers). Biul. MOIP Otd. geol. 37 no.6:129-130
N-D '62. (MIRA 16:8)

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116 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

MASLAKOVA, N.I.

Wall structure of the shell of Globotruncanidae. Vop. mikropaleont.
no. 7:138-149 '63. (MIRA 17:10)

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MASLAKOVA, N.I.

Taxonomy and phylogeny of Globotruncanidae. Vop. mikropaleont.
no.8:102-117 '64. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

ZONENSHAYN, L.P.; BERTEL'S-USPENSKAYA, I.A.; SAFRONOV, V.S.; NEYMAN, V.B.;
GENDLER, V.Ye.; CHURIKOV, V.S.; YEREMIN, N.I.; KOGAN, B.S.; YAKOVLEVA,
M.N.; LANGE, O.K.; KABANOV, G.K.; KUZNETSOVA, K.I.; SINITSYNA, I.N.;
SMIRNOVA, T.N.; VENKATACHALAPATI, V.; MASLAKOVA, N.I.; BELOUSOVA, Z.D.;
YAKUBOVSKAYA, T.A.; YURINA, A.L.; RYBAKOVA, N.O.; MOROZOVA, V.G.;
BARASH, M.S.; FONAREV, V.I.; NIKONOV, A.A.

Activity of the Geological Sections of the Moscow Naturalists'
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no.1:142-143 Ja '65. (MIRA 18:3)

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N-D '65 (MIRA 19:1)

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Solubility of lead chloride in the system
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2297-2300 O '63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tsvetnykh
metallov.

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ROMANENKO, V.I.; PODOPRIGORA, M.G.; MASLAKOVA, Z.I.

Automation of the rectification process of turpentine. Gidroliz.
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lesokhimicheskoy promyshlennosti (for Romanenko, Podoprigora).
2. Gor'kovskiy kanifol'no-terpentinnyy zavod (for Maslakova).
(Turpentine industry—Equipment and supplies)
(Automatic control)

MASLAKOVETS, Yu.

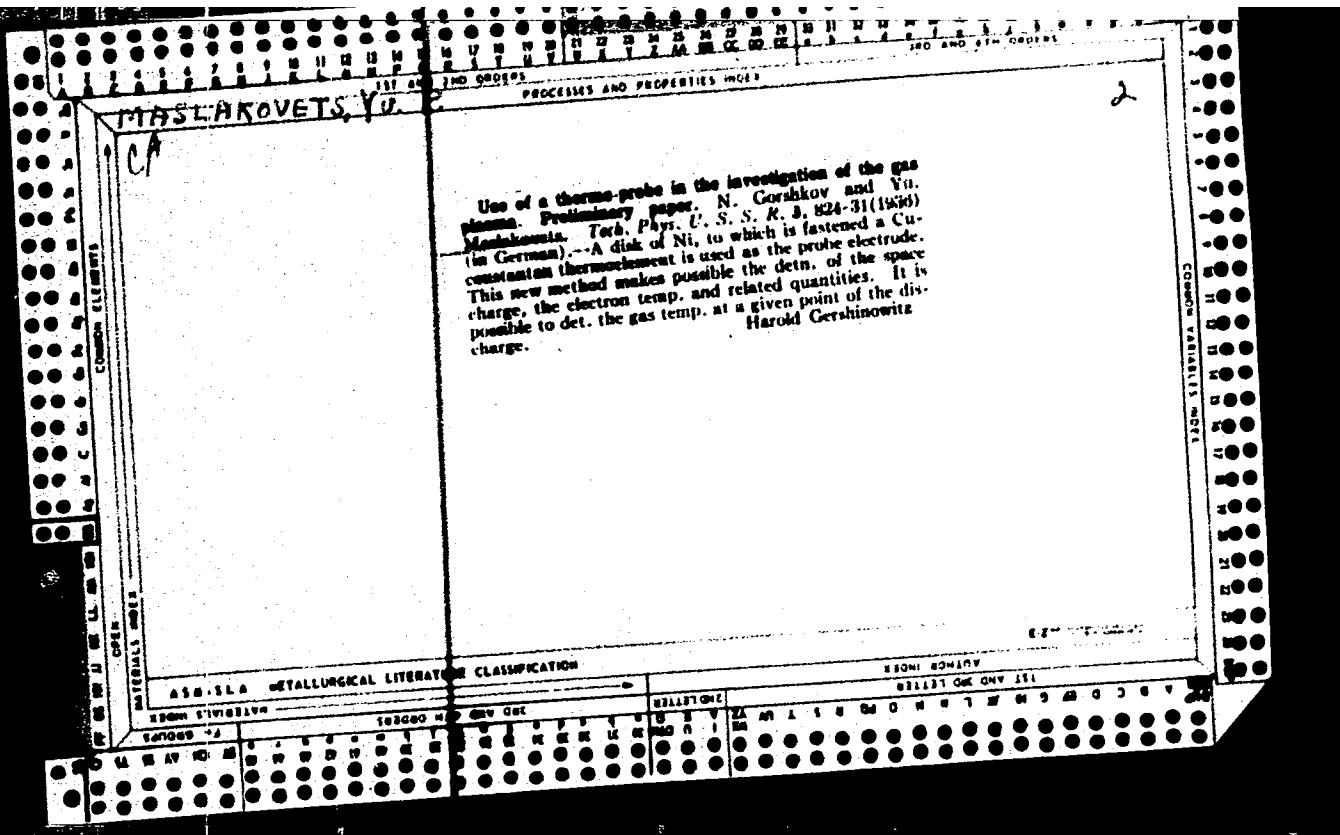
Electrical properties of thin metallic layers obtained by the cathode sputter method.
Yu. Maslakovets. J. Tech. Phys. (U. S. S. R.) 1, 401-27 (1931). Elec. resistance and
temp. effects are tabulated. Layers of Pt, Au, Ag, Cu and Ni swell on absorption of
water, ether or benzine.
F. H. Rathmann

AIAA-METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

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MASLAKOVETS, V. P.

20

SECRETARIES AND PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES 2007-8

Velocity distribution of the electrons in photoelectric cells with a blocking layer and the operation mechanism of cells of this type. Yu. P. Maslakovskii. *J. Appl. Phys.* (U. S. S. R.) 10, 388-7 (1959).
The data are given for the velocity distribution of photoelectrons along the velocity component normal to the semi-transparent cuprous oxide electrode. F. H. R.

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Semigrid Physics-Tech. Inst., A.S.U.S.R.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032720016-9"

MASLAKOVETS, Yu.P.
W.L.

Materials & Inelastic
Properties

337-133-200817-224 1821

The Thermoelectric Effect in Lead Sulfide.
E. D. Devjatkova, J. P. Maslakova, A. M. S.
Samarskij. (Bull. Acad. Sci. U.R.S.S., ser. phys.,
1941, Vol. 5, No. 4, pp. 409-416. In Russian
with English summary). Theoretical expressions
are given for the dependence of thermoelectric force
on the concentration of carriers of electricity. The
temperature variations of electrical and thermal
conductivities and of thermoelectric force are
investigated in lead sulphide having electronic as
well as 'hole' conductivity. The results obtained
show that in lead sulphide the concentration of
carriers of electricity equals 10^{16} - 10^{17} . The elec-
trical conductivity is determined mainly by the
temperature variation of the mobility of the
carriers.

MASLAKOVETS, YU. P.

Dec 1946

USSR/Physics

Conductivity, Thermal
Lead Sulfide

"Measurements of Thermal Conductivity of Lead Sulphide," Yu. A. Dunayev, 4 pp

"Zhur Tekh Fiz" Vol XVI, No 10

The author presents mathematical formulae for three methods of measuring the thermal conductivity of lead sulphide. All lead samples had a good, large crystalline structure. Yu. P. Maslakovets aided in the experiments and the work was submitted at the Leningrad Physico-Technical Institute, Academy of Sciences of the USSR.

PA-26T93

1920-1921
THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO LIBRARIES

Physical properties of lead sulfide. Va. A. Dusney and Yu. P. Matishovets. *Zhur. Eksp. Teor. i Fiz.* (J. Expt. Theoret. Phys.) 17, 901-10 (1947).-(1) The electric resistivity σ of synthetic PbS, with a very slight excess of Pb to ensure electronic conduction, decreases with rising temp., in conformity with the metallic character of the elec. conduction, only up to a certain temp., & where it passes through a max. and from whenceon it decreases with further rising temp. That temp. & depends on the concn. n of elec. carriers, as detd. by the Hall effect, and is lower, the smaller n ; all samples with different n , remained metallic conductors up to 400° . The branch of increasing σ appears to be due to a decrease, with rising temp., of the mobility μ of the carriers, owing to increasing thermal lattice vibrations. (2) Detns. of the Hall const. R show n to remain const. up to the temp. t , & to increase rapidly with further rising temp., whereas the mobility μ decreases uniformly with increasing temp. over the whole temp. range. Log σ decreases linearly with increasing $1/kT$; from the slope of the straight lines, the half-width of the energy barrier before the const. zone is, on the av., 0.322 e.v. (3) Kapit. data are consistent with $n = \mu_0 E / \phi \phi_0$ (where $\phi = \text{sp. cond.}$, and the subscript 0 refers to 0°) rather than with $n = \mu_0 (E/\phi_0) \sqrt{R/R_0}$, the latter valid in the presence of 2 kinds of elec. carriers. Consequently the increase of n above 0 refers only to one kind of carrier, namely electrons. (3) This is further corroborated by detns. of the thermoelec. e.m.f. a which increases almost

linearly with rising temp. up to about 400° , passes through a max., and then decreases. Consequently, up to about 400° , PbS behaves like a typical metal; above that temp., the fall of σ is damped, by an increase of a . A plot of a , at room temp., against $\log \sigma$ for different specimens, shows a linear decrease of a . (4) That the increase of a , in the sample, with rising temp. (above t) is not due to a phase transition, is shown by measurements of the linear expansion coeff.; at 100, 200, 300, 400, and 500° , $(1/l)(dl/dT) = 2.27, 2.68, 2.82, 3.07$, and 3.38×10^{-4} , and the curve shows no singularities. (5) Further proof is supplied by thermal analysis which, in specimens without excess of Pb, shows a max. of 37° at about 400° , without discontinuities up to 600° ; in the presence of excess Pb, this max. is depressed by a singular min. (6) Measurements of σ/σ_0 (where $\sigma_0 = \text{resistivity at } 273^{\circ}\text{K.}$) down to 2.15°K. shows uniform decrease with falling temp., tending to a finite residual value at 0°K. , in analogy with non-superconducting metals. It indicates a const. temp.-independent no. of elec. carriers in the cond. case in PbS.

N. THOMAS

Leningrad Phys.-Tech. Inst., A.S. USSR

1994-004197

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*MHSLOKOVETs, Yu.F.**7/24/87**S.a.
Section 9*

596.21 : 597.311.31 : 597.32
591.1. On the chemical and electrical conductivities, and the thermoelectric force, of Sh-Zn alloys, with special reference to the influence of small admixtures of other metals. Z. D. Devorevskaya, Yu. S. Mamonovs'kiy and L. S. Strazhev. Zh. Tekh. Fiz., 22, 128-137 (Avt. 1, 1973) In Russian.

The authors refer to the previous studies of Sh-Zn alloys by Zimmerman (1959) and Tolosi, which revealed the existence of metallic compounds Sh_2Zn , Sh_3Zn_2 , and Sh_5Zn_8 . When the proportion of Zn in the alloy is smaller than that corresponding to Sh_2Zn , the alloy can either be single a mixture of different crystals or a eutectic, but when this proportion is larger, it is always a mixture of crystals. It has also been shown that Sh_2Zn and Sh_5Zn_8 can crystallize into several forms (the "various phases," α , δ and η , for the former, and β and γ , for the latter) converting into each other at temperatures above 400°C. The present authors approach these metal compounds in the same way as used in the case of semiconductors, such as PbS or PbSe, in which the relationship between the components is determined by their valencies. Smith (1911) found a sharp change of

electrical conductivity, thermoelectric force and the Hall effect, when the proportions in the Sh/Zn alloy correspond to the Sh_2Zn metal compound.¹ At the same time, they emphasize the fact that, contrary to the case of semiconductors, no change of sign of the Hall constant is observed in the metal alloys when the proportions correspond to the metal compound, and the sharp changes of Sh_2Zn points are not observed at Sh_2Zn and Sh_5Zn_8 points.² The authors investigated the variation of the electrical and thermal conductivities and of the Hall constant of Sh_2Zn alloys with the proportion in the neighbourhood of the metallic compounds, and also the influence of the admixture of small quantities of Ag, Cd, In, Sn, and Te. They took special care to obtain pure alloys. From the data obtained for the Hall constant and for electric conductivity, they calculated in the usual way the electron concentration and the resistivities of the "various". The influence of small admixtures of other metals to the alloy is characterized by the increase of the electrical and thermal conductivities while their properties remain below a critical point, after which the conductivities begin to decrease. This is usually explained by the "filling

over

MASLAKOVETS, Yu. F.

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General & Physical
Chemistry - 2

Temperature dependences of the mobility of the carriers of electricity in semiconductors. E. D. Devyatkova, Ya. P. Maslakovets, L. S. Stilman, and T. S. Stavitskaya. *Dobrolyub. Nauch. S.S.R.* R. 64, 681-2 (1952).—In contrast to the theoretical formula for the temp. dependence of the mobility $\mu = AT^{-1/2}$ for solids with an st. lattice (at temps. high enough for the scattering of electrons by lattice defects to be negligible), which was verified for Si, Ge, and Bi_2Zn , the theoretical formula for solids with an ionic lattice, $\mu = AT^{-1/4}$ (above the Debye temp., θ), has never been verified experimentally. Measurements of the elec. cond. and the Hall effect of PbSe , between 20 and 300°, gave the expd. result $\mu = AT^{-4}$, entirely out of line with the theoretical formulas. By comparison of the m.p.s., the heats of fusion, and the heats of formation of PbSe and PbS ($\theta \sim 60^\circ$) it appears certain that for PbSe θ is well below 60° and, consequently, the temp. range investigated is well above θ . An analogous temp. dependence of μ was found also by V. P. Zhurav, by recalc. of the capil. data of Busch, Wickland, and Zoller (*C.A.* 45, 5094b) for gray tin. This discrepancy makes a radical revision of the theory of interaction of electrons with the thermal lattice vibrations imperative.

N. Thor

MASLAKOVETS, Y.V.P.

SUBJECT USSR / PHYSICS CARD 1 / 2 PA - 1566.
AUTHOR MASLAKOVEC, JU.P., POLTINNIKOV, S.A., DUBROVSKIY, G.B., SUBASIEV, V.K.
TITLE P-Silicon Photoelectric Transformers of Solar Energy.
PERIODICAL Žurn.techn.fis, 26, fasc. 10, 2396-2397 (1956)
Issued: 11 / 1956

American authors produced photoelements from n-Si-monocrystals by bringing about p-n transitions in these crystals by means of diffusion from the gaseous phase of boron. In a similar manner the authors also attempted to produce the photoelement on the basis of p-silicon. This is of practical importance, because p-Si is less expensive and more easily obtainable than electron silicon. Sb served as an admixture, and diffusion was from the gaseous phase.

Foils of monocrystalline and polycrystalline p-silicon with a thickness of ~ 1 mm were used for production. After fixing the contacts, the voltampère characteristics for brightness and darkness were recorded. One of the photoelements consisted of a foil of 1 cm² area and was produced from monocrystalline p-silicon with $\rho = 5 \text{ ohm.cm}$ and $\tau = 4 \text{ microsec}$. Its voltampère characteristic had well marked saturation domains in the reverse direction. These parts of the voltampère characteristics for brightness which correspond to load were nearly rectangular in shape. The spectral characteristic of this photoelement has its maximum at $700 \text{ m}\mu$. The red boundary of sensitivity agrees well with the width of the forbidden zone in the Si.

Zurn.techn.fis.,26, fasc.10, 2396-2397 (1956) CARD 2 / 2 PA - 1566

Furthermore, the load characteristic on the occasion of a solar radiation of 910 watts/cm^2 was recorded and the useful coefficients for different load resistances (and consequently also for various load voltages) were computed. The maximum useful coefficient under conditions such as prevailed on this occasion was 2,8%.

On the occasion of the measuring of the useful coefficient the total incoming energy was always measured by means of a pericheliometer. The electrodes used did not afford a sufficiently low contact voltage, and therefore higher useful coefficients may be expected to be attained as a result of an improvement of contacts. The samples, which were produced from low-resistance polycrystalline silicon (several large crystals on a plate) gave less favorable results compared with those obtained by the samples described above. Their maximum useful coefficient remained below 0,6%.

It would be of great practical interest to discover a possibility of producing transformers with a useful coefficient of from ~ 1 to 2% of comparatively impure silicon (with $\rho < 1 \text{ ohm.cm}$).

MASLA KOVETS, Yu.P.

SUBJECT USSR / PHYSICS
AUTHOR KOVAL'CIK, T.L., MASLAKOVEC, JU.P.
TITLE The Influence exercised by Admixtures on the Electric Properties
of Lead Telluride.
PERIODICAL Zurn.techn.fis., 26, fasc.11, 2417-2431 (1956)
Issued: 12 / 1956

CARD 1 / 2

PA - 1679

This work investigates the influence exercised by various admixtures on the character of the conductivity of a two-component compound and tries to set up rules (like in the case of germanium and silicon) for the occurrence of p- and n-conductivity. The PbTe examined had a cubic crystal lattice of the NaCl type. Measuring was carried out mainly on polycrystalline pressed samples ($20 \times 8 \times 6 \text{ mm}^3$) which were annealed at 500° C or also on monocrystals. The influence exercised by the excess lead and tellurium on thermoelectromotoric force and on the conductivity of lead telluride at room temperature is shown in a diagram. In the case of stoichiometrical composition, this PbTe has the electric conductivity $\sigma = 620 \text{ ohm}^{-1} \cdot \text{cm}^{-1}$ (which is caused by electrons), the thermoelectromotoric force $\alpha = 223 \text{ microvolts}/^\circ \text{ C}$ (with respect to lead), and the concentration $n = 3,5 \cdot 10^{18}$ of the electricity carriers. A sufficiently great surplus of tellurium makes lead telluride a semiconductor of the p-type. A surplus of lead increases the concentration of the free electrons only slightly. The high concentration of electrons in the lead telluride produced from a crude technical tellurium is due to the influence exercised by the

Zurn.techn.fis.,26,fasc.11, 2417-2431 (1956) CARD 2 / 2 PA - 1679
admixtures in not purified tellurium. If admixtures of lead bromide, lead chloride, or lead iodide are added to the purest form of lead telluride, transition to electronic conductivity does not occur, the semiconductor remains positive. Only a sufficiently large surplus of lead makes conductivity negative. The lead at first changes the sign of electromotoric force, reduces the latter, and increases the concentration of the negative electricity carriers up to such values as correspond to the concentration of the introduced bromide. A further addition of lead causes no change of the electric conductivity of the PbTe.

Next, the influence exercised by various foreign admixtures on the properties of lead telluride is discussed. On this occasion PbO, TeO₂, PbBr₂, Pt, Ni, Co, Fe, Ge, Sn, Mg, Nb, Bi, Bi₂Te₃, Ag, Cu, Au and thallium are mentioned.

Discussion of results: All admixtures can be subdivided into four groups according to the character of their influence upon the sign of the conductivity of lead telluride (at room temperature): 1.) Donor-like admixtures, as e.g. Cl, Br, J, Bi, Sb, Nb. 2.) Acceptor-like admixtures, as e.g. Ag and thallium. 3.) Admixtures exercising a similar effect as a surplus of lead (Sn, Ge, Ti, Ni, Co, Fe, Pt, Mg). 4.) Admixtures which are analogous to tellurium (Se, S and O).

INSTITUTION:

MASLAKOVETS YU. P.

IOFFE, A.P., akademik; SOKOLSKIY, M.S., kand.fiz.-mat.nauk., red.;
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mat.nauk, red.; SHAGURIN, K.A., inzh., red.; ACHKINADZE, Sh.D., inzh.;
FREGER, D.P., tekhn.red.

[The possibilities of semiconductors and their future development]
Vozmoshnosti i perspektivy poluprovodnikov. Leningrad, Leningr.
dom nauchno-tekhn.propagandy, 1957. 11 p. (Poluprovodniki, no.18)
(Semiconductors)

MASLAKOVETS, Yu. P.

OSTROUMOV, Andrey Georgiyevich, inzh.; IOFFE, A.F., akademik, red.;
SOMINSKIY, M.S., kand.fiz.-mat.nauk, red.; MASLAKOVETS, Yu.P.,
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red.; SHAGURIN, K.A., inzh.; ACHKHADZE, Sh.D., inzh., red.;
FREIGER, D.P., tekhn.red.

[Piezoelectric substances] Piezoelektriki. Leningrad, Leningr.
dom nauchno-tekhn.propagandy, 1957. 30 p. (Poluprovodniki, no.16)
(MIRA 10:12)

(Piezoelectric substances)

PASYNKOV, Vladimir Vasil'yevich, doktor tekhn.nauk; IOFFE, A.F., akademik,
glavnnyy red.; SOMINSKIY, kand.fiz.-mat.nauk, red.; MASLAKOVETS,Yu.P.,
doktor fiz.-mat.nauk, red.; SMOLENSKIY, G.A., doktor fiz.-mat.nauk,
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SHAGURIN, K.A., inzh.; ACHKINADZE, Sh.D., inzh.; FREGER, D.P.,
tekhn.red.

[Nonlinear semiconductor resistors; varistors] Nelineinyye
poluprovodnikovye soprotivleniya; varistory. Leningrad, Leningr.
dom nauchno-tekhn.propagandy, 1957. 35 p. (Poluprovodniki, no.5)
(Electric resistors) (MIRA 11:1)

MASLAKOVETS, Yu.P.

MIRLIN, David Naumovich; IOFFE, A.F., akademik, red.; SOMINSKIY, M.S.,
kand.fiz.-mat.nauk, red.; MASLAKOVETS, Yu.P., doktor fiz.-mat.
nauk, red.; SMOLENSKIY, G.A., doktor fiz.-mat.nauk, red.;
SHALYT, S.S., doktor fiz.-mat.nauk, red.; REGEL, A.R., kand.fiz.-mat.
nauk, red.; SUBASHIYEV, V.K., kand.fiz.-mat.nauk, red.; SHAGURIN, K.A.,
inzh., red.; ACHKHADZE, Sh.D., inzh., red.; FREGER, D.P., tekhn.red.

[Semiconductor bolometers] Poluprovodnikovye bolometry. Leningrad,
Leningr.dom nauchno-tekhn.propagandy. 1957. 36 p. (Poluprovodniki,
no.4) (MIRA 10:12)

(Bolometer)

VORONIN, Anatoliy Nikolayevich, inzh.; IOFFE, A.F., akademik, red.; SOMINSKIY, M.S., kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; MASLAKOVETS, Yu.P., doktor fiz.-mat.nauk; red.; SMOLENSKIY, G.A., doktor fiz.-mat.nauk, red.; SHALYT, S.S., doktor fiz.-mat.nauk, red.; REGEL', A.R., kand. fiz.-mat.nauk; SUBASHIYEV, V.K., kand.fiz.-mat.nauk, red.; SHAGURIN, K.A., inzh.red.; ACHKINADZE, Sh.D., inzh.; FREGER, D.P., tekhn.red.

[Semiconductor thermoelectric generators] Poluprovodnikovye termo-elektrogeneratorы. Leningrad, Leningr. dom nauchno-tekhn.propagandy, 1957. 43 p. (Poluprovodniki, no.13) (MIRA 11:3)
(Semiconductors) (Electric generators)

SUBASHIYEV, Vagan Kasparovich, kand. fiz.-mat. nauk.; IOFFE, A.F., glavnyy red.; SOMINSKIY, M.S., kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; MASLAKOVETS, Yu. P., doktor fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; SMOLENSKIY, G.A., doktor fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; SHALYT, S.S., doktor fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; REGEL', A.R. kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; SHAGYRIN, K.A., inzh., red.; ACHKINADZE, Sh. D., inzh., red.

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Leningrad, Leningr. dom nauchno-tekh. propagandy, 1957. 52 p.
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SMOLENSKIY, G.A., doktor fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; SHALIT, S.S.,
doktor fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; ENGEL', A.P., kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, red.;
SUBASHIYEV, V.K., kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; SHAGURIN, K.A.,
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red.

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slayvnyy red.; SOKINSKIY, M.S., kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; MASLAKOVETS,
Yu. P., doktor fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; SMOLINSKIY, G.A., doktor fiz.-mat.
nauk, red.; SHALYM, S.S., doktor fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; REGEL',
A.R., kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; SHAGURIN, L.A., inzh., red.;
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[Photoelectric converters of solar energy] Fotoelektricheskie
preobrazovateli solnechnoi energii. Leningrad, Leningr. dom nauchno-
tekhn. propagandy, 1957. 61 p. (Poluprovodniki, no. 9). (MIRA 11:12)
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MASLAKOVETS, Yu.P.

SELLER, Isaak Khaimovich, inzh.; MESKIN, Samuil Semenovich, inzh.; IOFFE, A.F., akademik, red.; SOMINSKIY, M.S., kand.fiz.-mat.nauk, red.; MASLAKOVETS, Yu.P., doktor fiz.-mat.nauk; SMOLENSKIY, G.A., doktor fiz.-mat.nauk; SHALYT, S.S., doktor, fiz.-mat.nauk; REGEL', A.R., kand.fiz.-mat. nauk; SUBASHIYEV, V.K., kand.fiz.-mat.nauk; SHAGURIN, K.A., inzh.; ACHKINADZE, Sh.D., inzh., red.; FREGER, D.P., tekhn.red.

[Semiconductor contact rectifiers] Poluprovodnikovye vypriamiteli.
Leningrad, Leningr.dom nauchno-tekhn.propagandy, 1957. 94 p.
(MIRA 10:12)

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[Semiconducting materials (semiconductor elements)] Poluprovodnikovye materialy (elementy - poluprovodniki). Leningrad, 1957.
101 p. (Obshchestvo po rasprostraneniiu politicheskikh i nauchnykh
znanii RSFSR, no.17) (MIRA 12:4)

(Semiconductors)

MASLAKOVETS, Yu. P.

AUTHORS: Lomakina, G. A., Vodakov, Yu. A.,
Naumov, G. P., Maslakovets, Yu. P. 57-27-7-26/40

TITLE: A Valve Photocell of Cadmium Telluride. (A Preliminary
Report) (Ventil'nyy fotoelement iz tellurida kadmiya.
(Predvaritel'noye soobshcheniye)).

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal Tekhnicheskoy Fiziki, 1957, Vol. 27, Nr 7,
p. 1594 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: For the production of p-n transitions n-type plates of
CdTe with an area of 1 to 2 qcm consisting of several
(3 to 5) crystals were used. Their specific conductivity
was $\sigma \approx 40 \text{ Ohm}^{-1} \cdot \text{cm}^{-1}$, thermal-EMK $\alpha \approx 200 \mu\text{V}/$

degree. The width of the forbidden zone was 1,34 eV. The
thin p-layer was formed by means of thermal diffusion of
elements of the first group of the periodic law. The ohmic
contact on the n-layer was obtained by melting of indium and
on the p-layer by melting of gold. The p-n transitions
obtained in this manner were very "directed" with a
distinctly marked saturation in the inverse direction. In
sunlight with 30 mW/qcm the photo-EMK of this photoelectric

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